

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Isopropyl Acetate 99.98% ACS Grade  
**Synonyms:** propan-2-yl acetate, Isopropyl Acetate  
**CAS Number:** 108-21-4  
**Grade/Purity:** ACS Grade  
**Product Type:** Solvents  
**Product Use:** Industrial, Manufacturing or Laboratory use  
**Manufacturer/Supplier:** Alliance Chemical, 204 South Edmond St, Taylor, Texas 76574  
**Information:** 512-365-6838 | www.alliancechemical.com  
**Emergency:** CHEMTEL - 800-255-3924 (24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Signal Word:** Danger

**GHS Pictograms:**



**Hazard Statements:**

H225	Highly Flammable liquid and vapor [Danger Flammable liquids]
H319	Causes serious eye irritation [Warning Serious eye damage/eye irritation]
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness [Warning Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Narcotic effects]

**Precautionary Statements:**

P210,	P233, P240, P241, P242, P243, P261, P264+P265, P271, P280, P303+P361+P353, P304+P340, P305+P351+P338, P319, P337+P317, P370+P378, P403+P233, P403+P235, P405, and P501
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### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	% MIN	% MAX	CAS #	EINECS# / ELINCS#	FORMULA	MOLECULAR WEIGHT
Isopropyl Acetate	99.98	99.98	108-21-4	203-561-1	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	102.13 g/mol

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

<b>Eyes</b>	EYES: First check the victim for contact lenses and remove if present. Flush victim's eyes with water or normal saline solution for 20 to 30 minutes while simultaneously calling a hospital or poison control center. Do not put any ointments, oils, or medication in the victim's eyes without specific instructions from a physician. IMMEDIATELY transport the victim after flushing eyes to a hospital even if no symptoms (such as redness or irritation) develop.
<b>Skin</b>	SKIN: IMMEDIATELY flood affected skin with water while removing and isolating all contaminated clothing. Gently wash all affected skin areas thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms such as redness or irritation develop, IMMEDIATELY call a physician and be prepared to transport the victim to a hospital for treatment.
<b>Inhalation</b>	INHALATION: IMMEDIATELY leave the contaminated area; take deep breaths of fresh air. If symptoms (such as wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath, or burning in the mouth, throat, or chest) develop, call a physician and be prepared to transport the victim to a hospital. Provide proper respiratory protection to rescuers entering an unknown atmosphere. Whenever possible, Self-Contained Breathing

	Apparatus (SCBA) should be used; if not available, use a level of protection greater than or equal to that advised under Protective Clothing.
<b>Ingestion</b>	INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Volatile chemicals have a high risk of being aspirated into the victim's lungs during vomiting which increases the medical problems. If the victim is conscious and not convulsing, give 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute the chemical and IMMEDIATELY call a hospital or poison control center. IMMEDIATELY transport the victim to a hospital. If the victim is convulsing or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth, ensure that the victim's airway is open and lay the victim on his/her side with the head lower than the body. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IMMEDIATELY transport the victim to a hospital. (NTP, 1992)

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Suitable Media</b>	Alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, dry chemical powder. Water spray may be used to cool fire-exposed containers.
<b>Unsuitable Media</b>	Do not use a solid water stream — may scatter and spread fire.
<b>Protective Equipment</b>	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.
<b>Combustion Products</b>	May include carbon oxides and other toxic fumes. See Section 10.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Use PPE as described in Section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
<b>Environmental</b>	Prevent leakage or spillage from entering drains, sewers, or waterways.
<b>Containment &amp; Cleanup</b>	Absorb with inert material. Collect in appropriate waste container. Dispose per applicable regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Safe Handling</b>	Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when not in use.
<b>Safe Storage</b>	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Keep away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed. Ground and bond containers when transferring material.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:** Use adequate ventilation. Provide eyewash stations and quick-drench showers accessible to areas of use.

**Occupational Exposure Limits:**

No established occupational exposure limits.

<b>Eyes</b>	Wear chemical safety goggles or face shield.
<b>Skin</b>	Wear chemical-resistant gloves and protective clothing.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Use a NIOSH-approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges. For confined spaces or exposures above the OEL, use supplied-air respiratory protection.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance</b>	Colorless, volatile liquid
<b>Odor</b>	Characteristic
<b>Median Particle Size</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Particle Size Distribution</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Particle Shape</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Surface Area</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Dustiness</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Hygroscopicity</b>	Not Applicable
<b>pH</b>	Not Available

Melting Point	-73°C (-99.4°F)
Boiling Point	88°C (190.4°F)
Flash Point	11°C (51.8°F)
Vapor Pressure	Not Available
Specific Gravity	0.872
Solubility	Soluble in water, alcohols, ethers, and other organic solvents
Molecular Formula	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
Molecular Weight	102.13 g/mol

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, sparks, open flame, and incompatible materials.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents, sources of ignition, heat.
Decomposition Products	May produce carbon oxides and other toxic fumes when heated to decomposition.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity: See Section 2 for GHS hazard classification.

IARC	Not listed as carcinogen.
NTP	Not listed as carcinogen.
OSHA	Not listed as carcinogen.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Data not available. Avoid release to the environment.
Persistence	Hydrolyzes slowly (half-life 2.4 yr at pH 7); air half-life ~4.6 d — Biodegrades (61% in 5 d / 76% in 20 d, domestic wastewater inoculum)
Bioaccumulation	BCF 2 (estimated; low)
Mobility in Soil	Very high soil mobility (estimated Koc 15)

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Do not dispose of into drains or waterways.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT	UN1220, Isopropyl acetate, 3, PG II
IMDG	UN1220, Isopropyl acetate, 3, PG II
IATA/ICAO	UN1220, Isopropyl acetate, 3, PG II
Marine Pollutant	No

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory listings not yet on file in this system; consult OSHA, EPA TSCA, EPCRA TRI, and California OEHHA directly.	
SARA 311/312	See Section 2 for hazard classifications.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Revision Date:** 07/01/2026

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