

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 08/16/1998 Revision date: 07/03/2013 Supersedes: 02/08/2011

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the	substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier		
Product form	: Substance	
Substance name	: Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w	
CAS No	: 7647-01-0	
Product code	: LC14950	
Formula	: HCI	
Synonyms	: Hydrochloric acid / hydrochloric acid, conc=37%, aqueous solution	
BIG no	: 29443	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of th	substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Use of the substance/mixture	: Laboratory chemical	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	afety data sheet	
Alliance Chemical 204 South Edmond St Taylor, Texas, 76574 512-365-6838 www.alliancechemical.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone numbe		
Emergency number	CHEMTEL (800) 255-3924 (24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identificat	on	
2.1. Classification of the substance		
GHS-US classification		
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302		
Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335		
Eye Dam. 1 H318		
Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335		
Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335 2.2. Label elements	: CHS05 CHS07	
Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335 2.2. Label elements GHS-US labelling	: GHS05 CHS07 CHS07	
Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335 2.2. Label elements GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)		
Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335 2.2. Label elements GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) Signal word (GHS-US)	 Danger H302 - Harmful if swallowed H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 - Causes serious eye damage 	ontaminated for breathing

classification

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2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US) No data available SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 3.1. Substances Substance type : Multi-constituent Name : Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w

CAS No	: 7647-01-0
EC no	: 231-595-7
EC index no	: 017-002-01-X

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	63	Not classified
Hydrogen chloride	(CAS No) 7647-01-0	37	Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Skin Corr. 1A, H314

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture		
Not applicable		
SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measure	35	
First-aid measures general	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.	
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash immediately with PE-glycol 400. Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.	
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.	
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Take the container/vomit to the doctor/hospital. Do not give chemical antidote. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	 Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Respiratory difficulties. Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Risk of pneumonia. Risk of lung oedema. 	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Blood in vomit. Possible esophageal perforation. Shock.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Obtain medical assistance.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	es	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: All extinguishing media allowed.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: No unsuitable extinguishing media known.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from th	e substance or mixture	
Fire hazard	: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".	
Explosion hazard	: INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".	
Reactivity	: Decomposes on exposure to temperature rise: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine).	

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5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Precautionary measures fire	Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: seal off low-lying areas. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.
Firefighting instructions	 Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.
Protection during firefighting	: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.
SECTION 6: Accidental release m	easures
6.1. Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Gloves. Face-shield. Corrosion-proof suit. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. Reactivity hazard: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Reactivity hazard: gas-tight suit.
Emergency procedures	: Mark the danger area. No naked flames. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case reactivity hazard: consider evacuation. Large spills/in confined spaces: consider evacuation. Wash contaminated clothes.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spre	eading in sewers.
6.3. Methods and material for contain	
For containment	 Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. If reacting: dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapours. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Heat exposure: dilute toxic gas/vapour with water spray.
Methods for cleaning up	Liquid spill: neutralize with soda (sodium carbonate). Neutralized substance: take up in absorbent material. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
No additional information available	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	9
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe strict hygiene. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/unde local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.
Hygiene measures	: Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, incl	uding any incompatibilities
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. metals. cyanides.
Storage temperature	: 2 - 25 °C
Heat and ignition sources	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.
Prohibitions on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. (strong) bases. metals. amines.
Storage area	: Ventilation at floor level. Keep locked up. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. corrosion-proof. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: MATERIAL TO AVOID: steel. metal.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
No additional information available	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/pe	ersonal protection
8.1. Control parameters	

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Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)				
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m ³)	2.98 mg/m³		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m3)	7 mg/m³		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm		
8.2. Exposure controls	8.2. Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	s : Emergency eye wash fountains and s of any potential exposure.	Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.		
Materials for protective clothing : GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: natura		rubber. nitrile rubber.		
Hand protection	: Gloves.			
Eye protection	: Face shield.			
Skin and body protection	: Corrosion-proof clothing.			
Respiratory protection	: Gas mask with filter type B. Gas mask contained respirator.	with filter type E. High vapour/gas concentration: self-		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Appearance	: Liquid.	
Molecular mass	: 36.46 g/mol	
Colour	: Colourless.	
Odour	: Irritating/pungent odour.	
Odour threshold	: No data available	
pH	: <1	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available	
Melting point	: No data available	
Freezing point	: -30 °C	
Boiling point	: No data available	
Flash point	: Not applicable	
Self ignition temperature	: Not applicable	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available	
Vapour pressure	: No data available	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Relative density	: 1.2	
Density	: 1190 kg/m³	
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: Complete	
Log Pow	: 0.25 (QSAR)	
Log Kow	: No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.0023 Pa.s (15 °C)	
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.	
Oxidising properties	: None.	
Explosive limits	: No data available	
9.2. Other information		
Minimum ignition energy	: Not applicable	
VOC content	: Not applicable	
Other properties	: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Producing fumes/mist. Substance has acid reaction.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Decomposes on exposure to temperature rise: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine). On exposure to air: release of corrosive mist. Reacts violently with (some) bases. Reacts exothermically with many compounds. Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine). Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

Chemical stability 10.2.

No data available.

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40.2	Ressibility of kerneleye resetions		
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Reacts	Reacts violently with (some) bases: release of heat.		
10.4.	Conditions to avoid		
Incompatible materials.			
10.5.	Incompatible materials		
Strong bases. metals. cyanides. silver nitrate.			
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products		
Hydrogen chloride.			
SECTION 11: Toxicological information			
11.1.	Information on toxicological effects		

Acute toxicity	: Harmful if swallowed.	
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (\f)7647-01-0		
LD50 oral rat	700 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg	
Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)		
ATE (gases)	700.000 ppm/4h	
Water (7732-18-5)		
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
	pH: < 1	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.	
	pH: < 1	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)		
IARC group	3	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Respiratory difficulties. Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Risk of pneumonia. Risk of lung oedema.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Blood in vomit. Possible esophageal perforation. Shock.	
SECTION 12: Ecological information		

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - water	: Mild water pollutant (surface water). Ground water pollutant. Maximum concentration in drinking water: 250 mg/l (chloride) (Directive 98/83/EC). Slightly harmful to fishes. Toxic to plankton. pH shift. Insufficient data available on ecotoxicity.
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
LC50 fishes 1	282 mg/l (96 h; Gambusia affinis; PURE SUBSTANCE)
EC50 Daphnia 1	< 56 mg/l (72 h; Daphnia magna; PURE SUBSTANCE)
LC50 fish 2	862 mg/l (Leuciscus idus; PURE SUBSTANCE)
TLM fish 1	282 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; PURE SUBSTANCE)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the components of the mixture available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable

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Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)			
Chemical oyxgen demand (COD)	Not applicable		
ThOD	Not applicable		
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)			
Log Pow	0.25 (QSAR)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)			
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.		
12.5. Other adverse effects			
No additional information available			
SECTION 13: Disposal consideratio	ns		
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Waste disposal recommendations	: Recycle by distillation. Dehydrate/make insoluble. Immobilize the toxic or harmful components. Remove to an authorized dump (Class I). Treat using the best available techniques before discharge into drains or the aquatic environment.		
Additional information	: LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 01. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.		
SECTION 14: Transport information			
In accordance with ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG /			
14.1. UN number			
UN-No.(DOT)	: 1789		
DOT NA no.	UN1789		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
DOT Proper Shipping Name	: Hydrochloric acid		
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136		
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive substances		
Packing group (DOT) DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	 II - Medium Danger A3 - For combination packagings, if glass inner packagings (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings. A6 - For combination packagings, if plastic inner packagings are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings. B3 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized. B15 - Packagings must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. N41 - Metal construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material. T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal		
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154 : 202		

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DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
14.3. Additional information	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
State during transport (ADR-RID)	: as liquid.
Overland transport	
Packing group (ADR)	: 11
Class (ADR)	: 8 - Corrosive substances
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)	: 80
Classification code (ADR)	: C1
Danger labels (ADR)	: 8 - Corrosive substances
Orange plates	80 1789
Tunnel restriction code	: E
Transport by sea	
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
EmS-No. (1)	: F-A
EmS-No. (2)	: S-B
Air transport DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail	: 1L
(49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49	
CFR 175.75)	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. US Federal regulations		
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	5000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material	

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Skin Corr. 1B H314 STOT SE 3 H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

C; R34 Xi; R37 Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

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15.2.2.	National regulations
Hydroch	hloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)
Listed or	n the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

15.3. US State regulations	
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w(7647-01-0)	
State or local regulations	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard
Personal Protection	: H

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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